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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/632,028	07/31/2003	Andrew J. Ries	P9173.00	9663
27581 MEDTRONIC	7590 02/12/200 INC	7	EXAMINER	
710 MEDTRONIC PARK			ALTER, ALYSSA M	
MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55432-9924		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3762	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/12/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

6) Other:

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed September 27, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Therefore the pending claims stand rejected in view of Hawkins (US 5,730,628).

The Applicant maintains that Hawkins "does not teach a first deflection portion insertable between free ends of a first arm and a second arm and deflecting a connector clip from a first position corresponding to a first distance between the first arm and the second arm of the connector clip, to a second position corresponding to a second distance between the first arm and the second arm".

As seen in figures 5 and 6, the annular flange 56 acts as a first deflection portion by engages the arms or spring elements. Therefore, since the annular flange is part of the housing, Hawkins does in fact teach "a first deflection portion insertable between free ends of a first arm and a second arm and deflecting a connector clip from a first position corresponding to a first distance between the first arm and the second arm of the connector clip, to a second position corresponding to a second distance between the first arm and the second arm".

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA

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1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 1. Claims 1-30 stand provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-28 of copending Application No. 10/632058 (US Patent Publication 20050027327 A1) for reasons previously made of record.
- 2. Claims 1-30 stand provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-48 of copending Application No. 10/632026 (US Patent Publication 20050027325 A1) for reasons previously made of record.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 1. Claims 1-30 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hawkins (US 5,730,628) for reasons previously made of record and stated below.

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Hawkins discloses a spring within an electrical connector for engaging a lead with an implantable medical device.

As seen in figure 5, "a leaf spring member 60 includes a base element 62 fixed to the first cylindrical passage adjacent the distal end 48 of the barrel 44 and a plurality of integral resilient spring elements 64 extending from the base element at a plurality of circumferentially spaced locations to tip ends 66 freely received in the annular recess 58 for limited transverse movement between the second cylindrical passage 52 and the annular flange 56. The leaf spring elements 64 have contact portions 68 intermediate the base element 62 and the tip ends 66 which project and are biased toward the longitudinal axis of the barrel for mating engagement with a proximal end of the electrical lead 22, specifically with the second contact 32 when inserted into the barrel from the distal end 48 and generally aligned with the longitudinal axis of the barrel. Preferably, the resilient spring elements 64 extend from the base element 62 at a plurality of equally spaced circumferential locations to maximize uniformity of contact force between the spring elements and the second contact 32 of the electrical lead 22"(col. 5, lines 33-52).

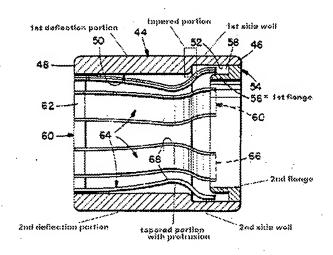
As to claims 1 and 16, the examiner considers one of the six arms to be a first and another one of the arms to be the second. The two arms are also connected at the top of the clip. Also, the first position is prior to the insertion of the spring into the housing, the second position is prior to the insertion of the lead and the third position is after the insertion of the lead.

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As to claims 2-3 and 17-18, the front end that forms the connection port can be seen in figures 1 and 2, where clip 60 is located in regards to the implantable medical device and the lead. Also although the arms run parallel to the channel's central axis, since they taper towards the center axis, they "extend perpendicular" to the central axis.

As to claims 6 and 21, the circular plug 54 is the seal member.

As to claim 7-15 and 22-30, the figure to the right has been included to depict the corresponding portions of Hawkins to the components of recited claims 7-15 and 22-30. Depicted in the replication of Hawkins figure 5. In addition, the 1st and 2nd flange can also act as a tapered deflection portion.



Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alyssa M. Alter whose telephone number is (571) 272-4939. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9am to 4pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela Sykes can be reached on (571) 272-4955. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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